

The background of the slide is a light gray gradient. It is decorated with numerous realistic water droplets of various sizes. Some droplets are at the top left, some are scattered in the middle, and a larger cluster of droplets is at the bottom right. The droplets have highlights and shadows, giving them a three-dimensional appearance.

FINTECH: A VOLTE RITORNANO?

PROF. UMBERTO FILOTTO

UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA «TOR VERGATA»

CONFERENZA CIPA, ROMA 18 DICEMBRE 2018





LA TERRIBILE PROFEZIA

Bill Gates

**BANKING IS
NECESSARY.**

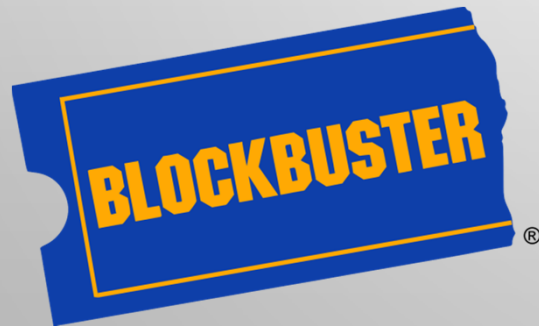
**BANKS ARE
NOT.**



LA TERRIBILE PROFEZIA



digital



SI È AVVERATA?

End of restructuring costs boosts performance but Trump tax writedown misses forecasts



▲ HSBC plans to boost its capital base with a \$7bn fundraising. Photograph: Isaac Lawrence/AFP/Getty Images

HSBC Holdings' pre-tax profit for 2017 has more than doubled to \$17.2bn (£12.3bn), due largely to the absence of hefty restructuring costs, but the figure still lagged behind expectations as the bank took a writedown to take in US tax changes.

On the chief executive Stuart Gulliver's last day in the job, Europe's biggest lender by market capitalisation also announced plans to bolster its capital base by raising up to \$7bn in the first half of 2018.

48,212 views | May 24, 2017, 07:00am

The World's Largest Banks In 2017: The American Bull Market Strengthens

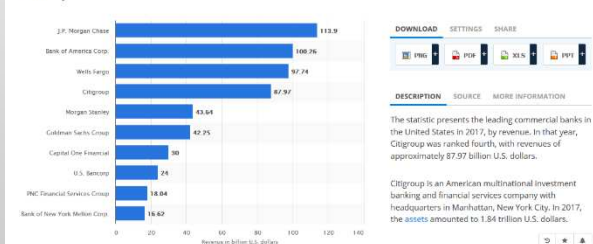


Antoine Gara Forbes Staff



Morgan Stanley's New York headquarters are viewed on April 17, 2014 in New York City. (Photo by Spencer Platt/Getty Images)

Leading commercial banks in the United States in 2017, by revenue (in billion U.S. dollars)



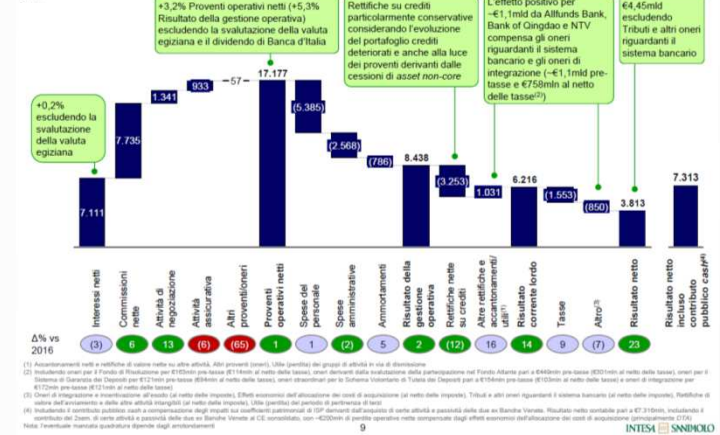
Data visualized by Tableau

© Statista 2018

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2017: Risultato netto pari a €3,8mld, il più alto dal 2007

CE 2017 (escludendo il contributo pubblico cash e il contributo di certe attività e passività delle due ex Banche Venete)
€ mln



FT.com Fund management

Nigel Karan: people want much more than a financial return

'Wild and bumpy ride' is on the cards for global investors in 2019

Fund groups 'too close' with company bosses

FT.com Fund management [Add to myFT](#)

Record profits for Europe's private banks

Strong markets boost groups but McKinsey questions ability to sustain growth

© Bloomberg

Business

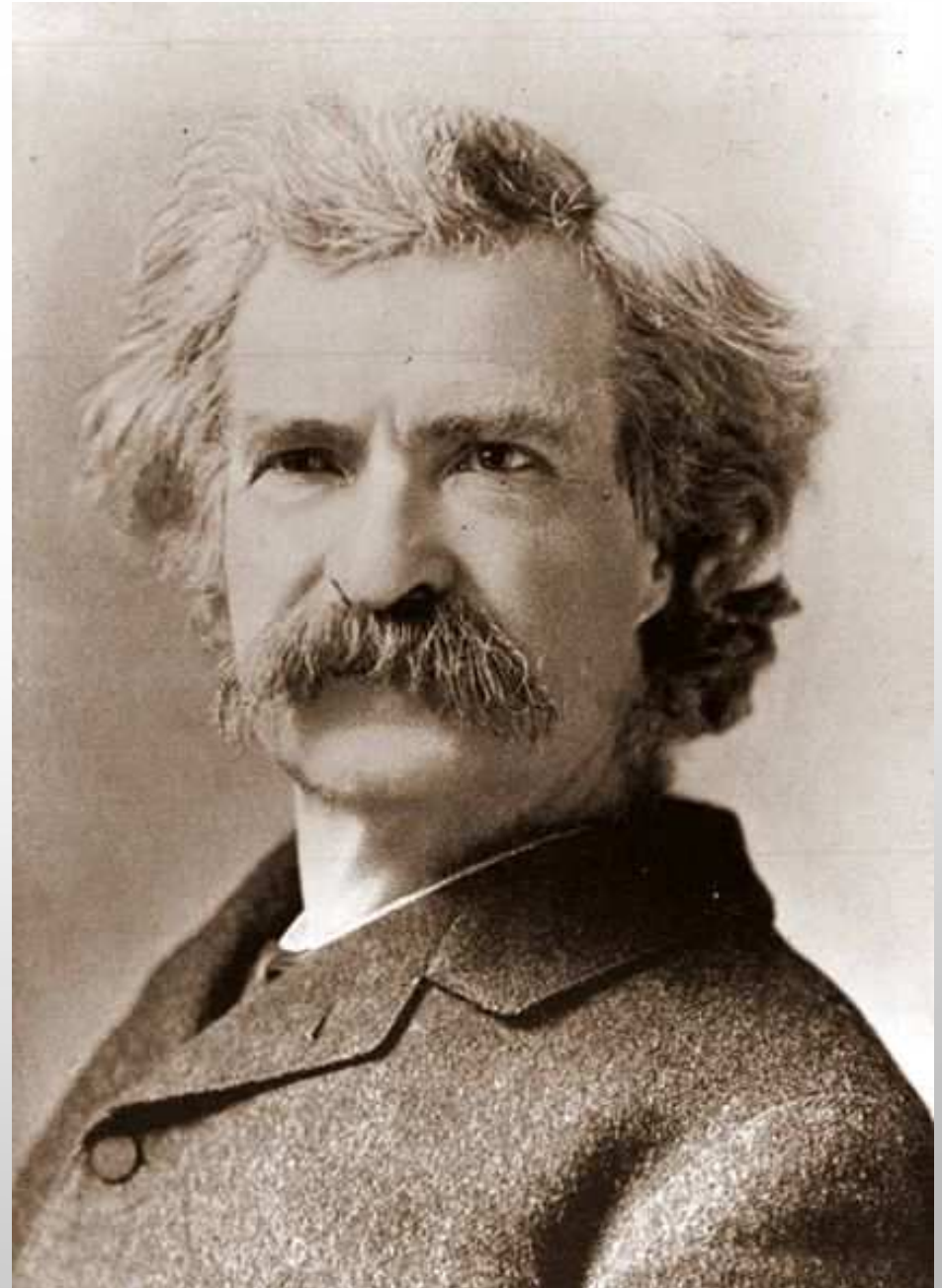
Royal Bank quarterly profit up 12%, enough to push annual profit to record \$11.5B

Profit up but bank also set aside less money to cover loans that went bad

CBC News - Posted Nov 29, 2017 10:01 AM ET | Last Updated: November 29, 2017

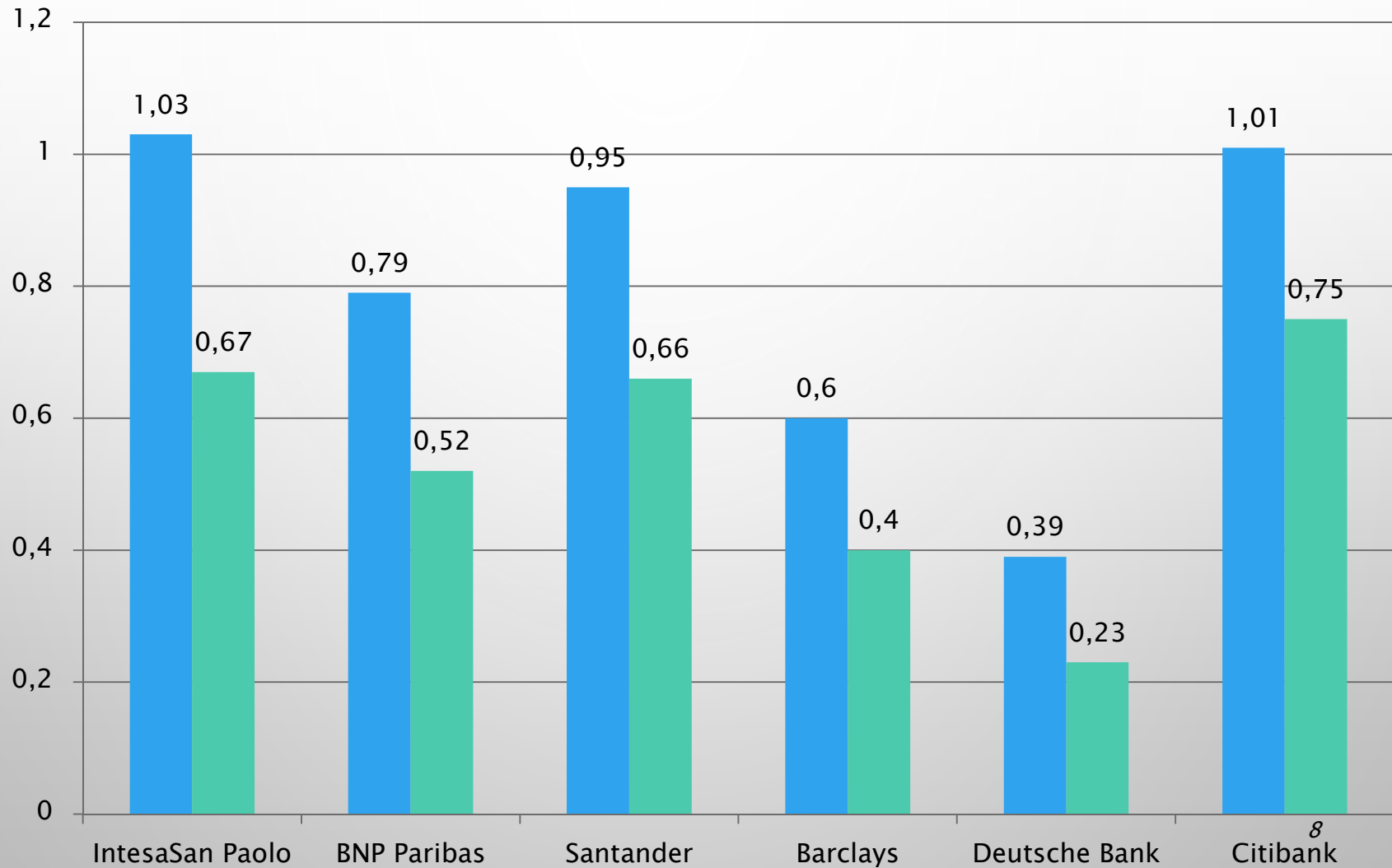
*Le notizie sulla
mia morte sono
decisamente
esagerate*

Mark Twain



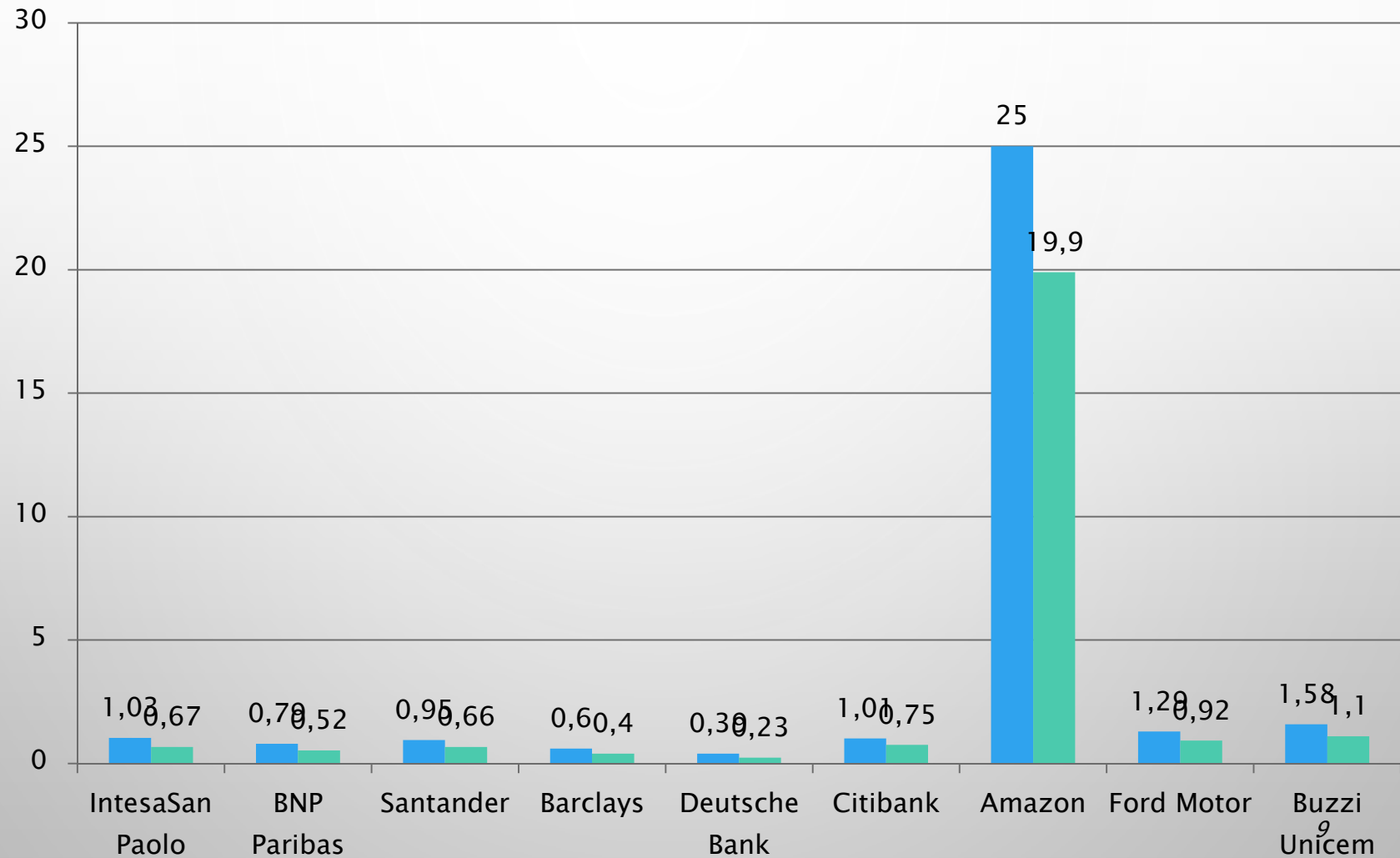
UN INDICATORE DI SINTESI: IL PRICE TO BOOK RATIO

13 APRILE 2018 E 14 DICEMBRE 2018



UN INDICATORE DI SINTESI: IL PRICE TO BOOK RATIO

13 APRILE 2018 E 14 DICEMBRE 2018





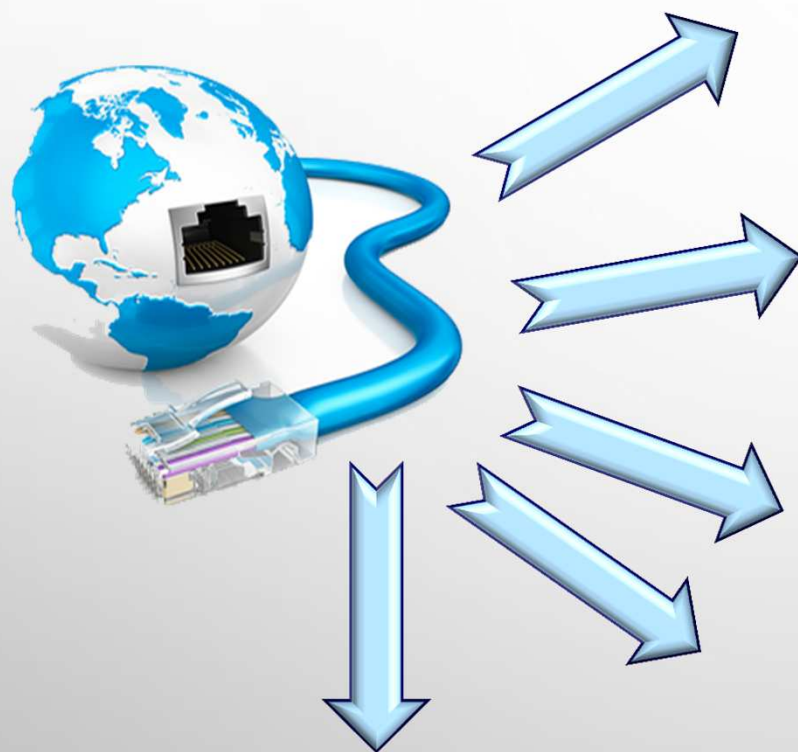
UN PROBLEMA DI MODELLO DI BUSINESS?



ALCUNE INNOVAZIONI (DEL PASSATO)



ALCUNE INNOVAZIONI: COME È ANDATA A FINIRE?



first direct

EXTRADE[®]



Ameritrade[™]

E-LOAN[®]

lendingtree[™]

COME HANNO FATTO GLI INCUMBENTS A SOPRAVVIVERE E A CONTRATTACCARE?



ALCUNE POSSIBILI RISPOSTE.

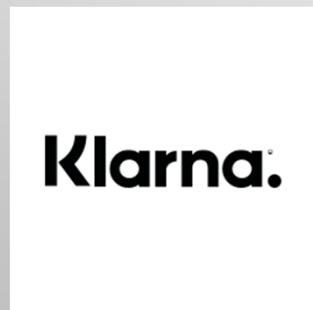
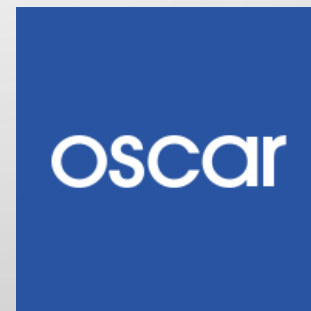
1. Il tempo (e la fortuna): lo scoppio della bolla internet ha tolto momentum ai newcomers ed ha dato alle banche il tempo per reagire
2. La regolazione ed i regulators: è meglio vivere con un nemico conosciuto che con un amico ignoto
3. Grande potenziale, dura realtà → bassa digital literacy, banda limitata, customer experience povera
4. Miglioramenti nel buon vecchio modo di fare customer service
5. O forse erano innovazioni marginali?







NE AVETE SENTITO PARLARE?



COSA SI MUOVE

Number of Funding Rounds		7,769	Total Funding Amount		\$117.6B
Announced Date	Organization Name	Transaction Name		Money Raised	
Dec 15, 2018	Moneymour	Seed Round - Moneymour		-	
Dec 15, 2018	Geowox	Grant - Geowox		€50K	
Dec 14, 2018	TransferGo	Series B - TransferGo		\$7.6M	
Dec 14, 2018	Saibao Cloud	Angel Round - Saibao Cloud		\$290K	
Dec 14, 2018	Propel	Series A - Propel		\$12.8M	
Dec 14, 2018	Goldex	Seed Round - Goldex		£1M	
Dec 14, 2018	Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria	Post-IPO Debt - Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria		€150M	
Dec 14, 2018	Regily	Venture Round - Regily		-	
Dec 13, 2018	YayPay	Series A - YayPay		\$8.4M	
Dec 13, 2018	JUMO	Venture Round - JUMO		\$12.5M	
VIEW ALL >					
Funding					
Cumulative		Trend		Funding Types	
		Categories		Locations	
Number of Funding Rounds		7,769	Total Funding Amount		\$117.6B

Acquisitions

Number of Acquisitions

938

Announced Date	Acquiring Organization Name	Transaction Name	Price
Jan 24, 2017	 Sensiba San Filippo, LLP	 Slater Moffat Associates acquired by Sensiba San Filippo, LLP	—
Jun 7, 2011	 ITG	 RS Energy Group acquired by ITG	—
Oct 18, 2013	 Betterment	 ImpulseSave acquired by Betterment	—
Jul 2, 2017	 General Electric (GE)	 Baker Hughes acquired by General Electric (GE)	—
Apr 19, 2017	 Asset Vantage Systems Pvt. Ltd.	 Financial Navigator acquired by Asset Vantage Systems Pvt. Ltd.	—
Dec 18, 2014	 AdvisorEngine	 NestEgg Wealth acquired by AdvisorEngine	—
Nov 13, 2017	 PwC	 cDecisions Ltd acquired by PwC	—
Feb 1, 2006	 Interactive Data Corporation	 Quote.com acquired by Interactive Data Corporation	\$30M
Jan 8, 2007	 General Electric (GE)	 ABB Vetco Gray acquired by General Electric (GE)	\$1.9B
Mar 11, 2014	 Sysnet Global Solutions	 SaaS Markets acquired by Sysnet Global Solutions	—

VIEW ALL >

Number of IPOs		165	Total Amount Raised in IPO	\$11.4B
Median Amount Raised in IPO	\$106.3M			
Total IPO Valuation	\$92.5B			
Median IPO Valuation	\$862M			
Average IPO Date	Jul 16, 2006			
Percentage Delisted	0%			



Corsi e ricorsi storici?

Il passato che si ripete?

Il solito maledetto errore di
prospettiva?

UNA CITAZIONE



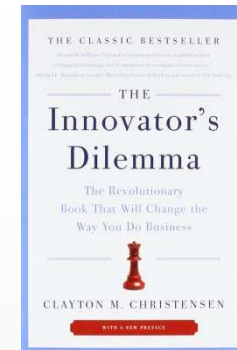
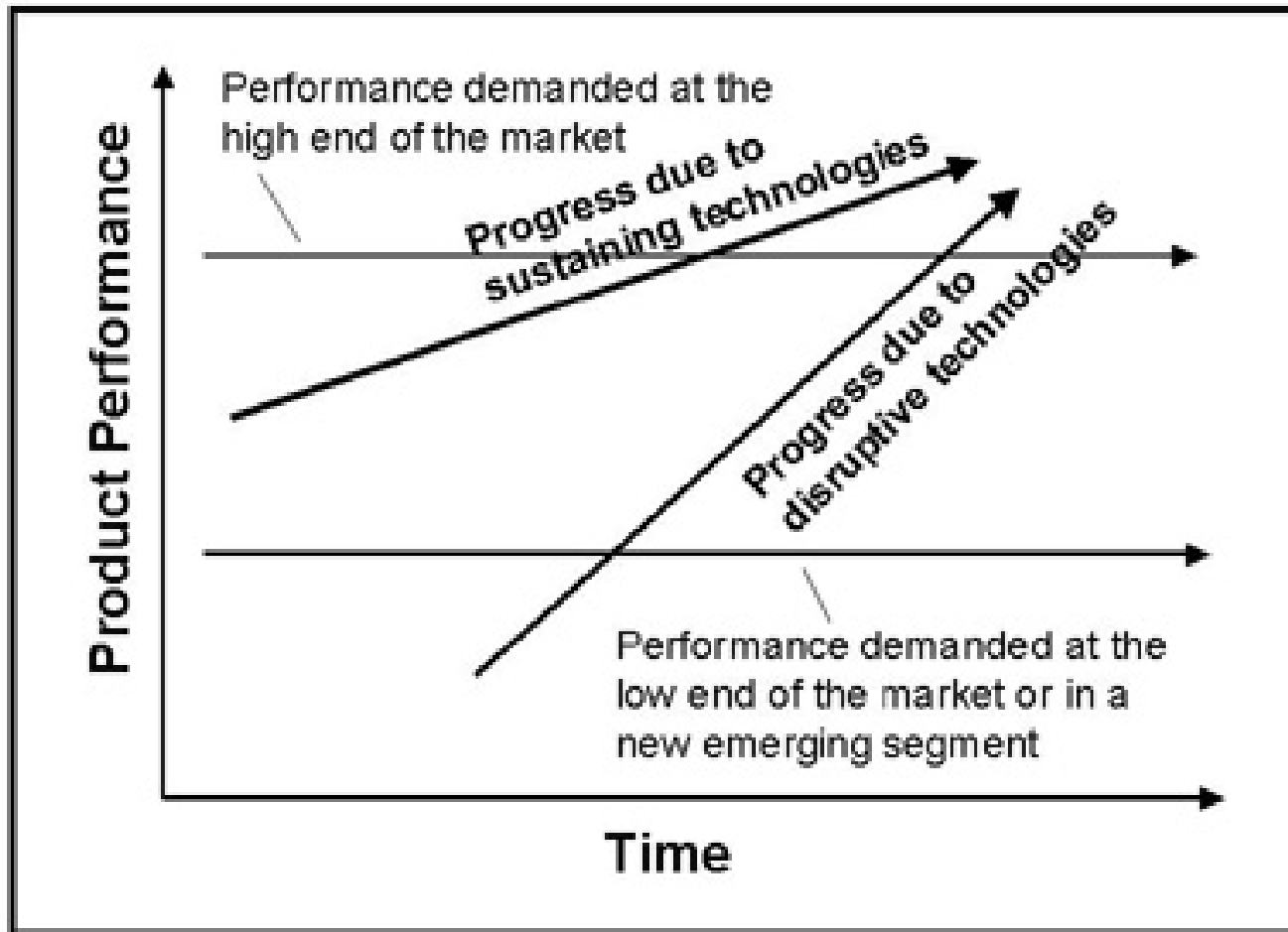
*We always overestimate
the change that will
occur in the next two
years and underestimate
the change that will
occur in the next ten.*



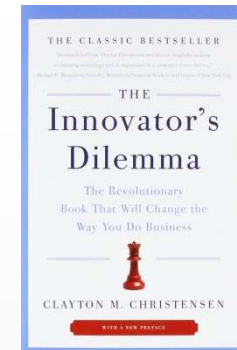
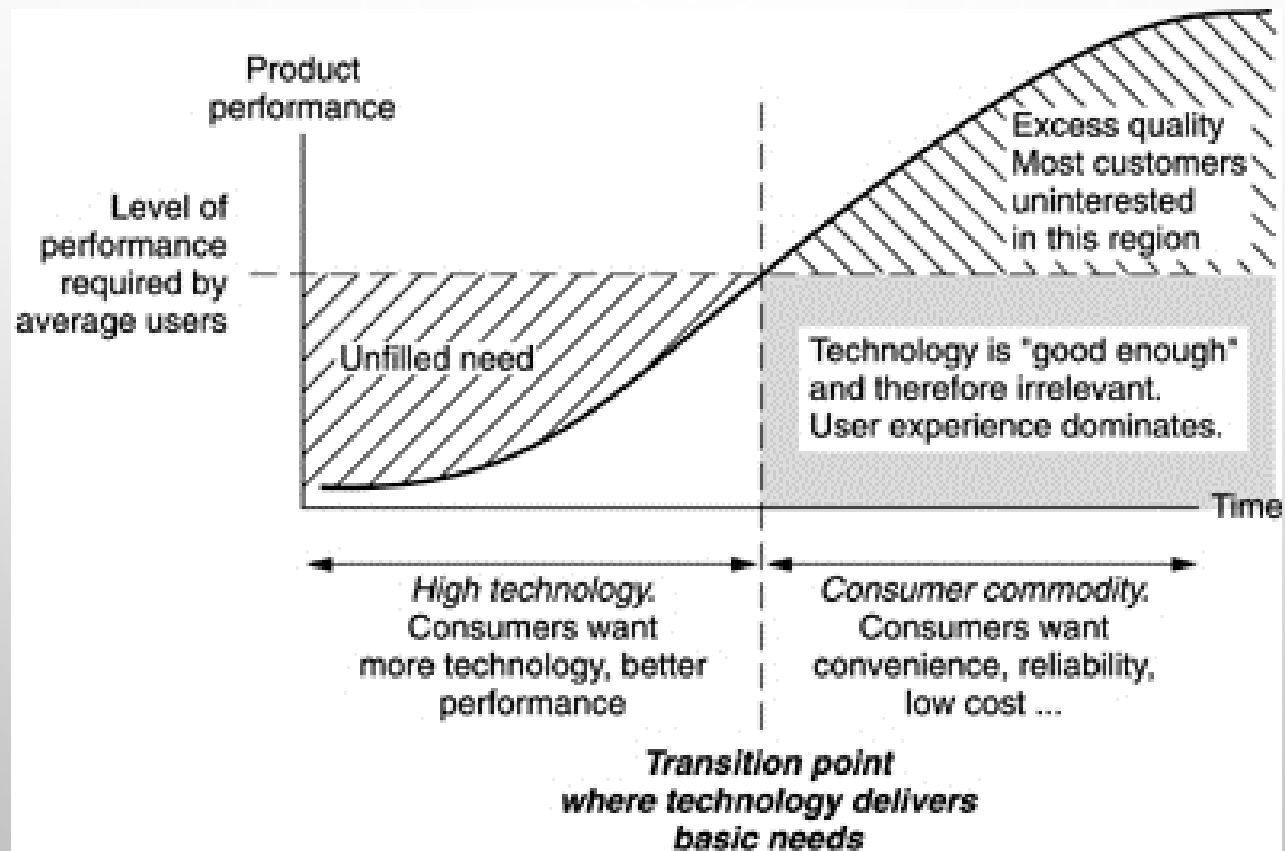
Nessuno di noi possiede la sfera di cristallo ma possiamo cercare di utilizzare un modello di analisi



IL MODELLO DI ANALISI



IL MODELLO DI ANALISI



L'INNOVAZIONE È CONTAGIOSA



COSA È CAMBIATO RISPETTO AD «ALLORA»?

1. Siamo molto più digitali

2. La
tecnologia
evolve

3. Ci sono molte più
risorse a disposizione

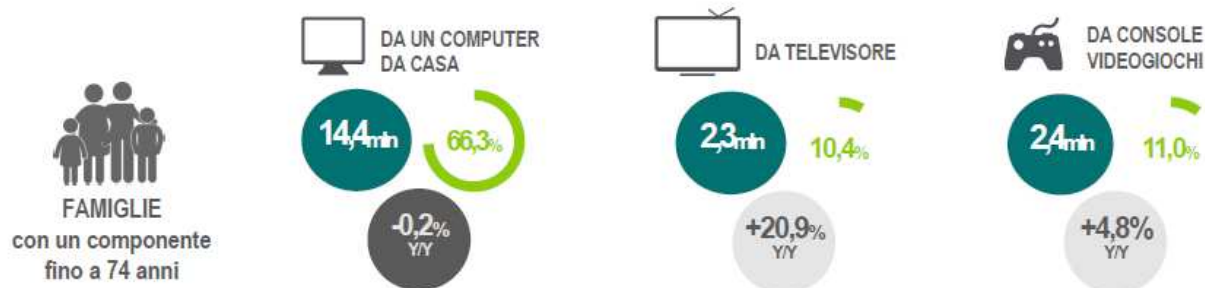
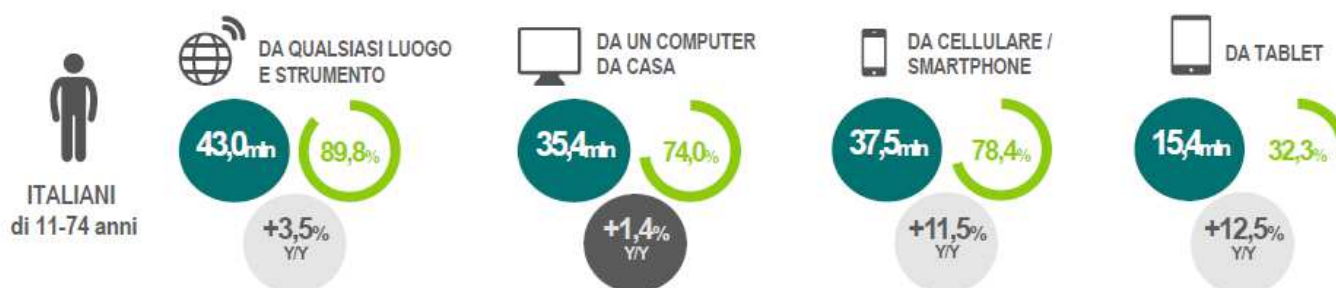
Change

4. Ci sono alcuni
«big players»

5. La demografia
cambia



La diffusione dell'online in Italia 11-74 anni



Basi: totale individui 11-74 anni (=47.839.000) e totale famiglie con almeno un componente fino a 74 anni (N=21.773.000)
Valori % e Stime

I FATTORI ABILITANTI



La crescita di
compet

più larga

Viva! → tutto ciò che
Abbasso! → quei

asimmetrica
(maginativa)



UNA TECNOLOGIA DEMOCRATICA?

Uno degli effetti è il crollo della scala minima di attività; questo ha due conseguenze sostanziali

- Cadono le barriere all'accesso al settore
- Diventano possibili business che in precedenza non avevano alcuna viabilità economica (micropagamenti/funding)



Questo comporta la despecializzazione dell'attività finanziaria che diventa potenzialmente accessibile a chiunque
→ Inclusione finanziaria?

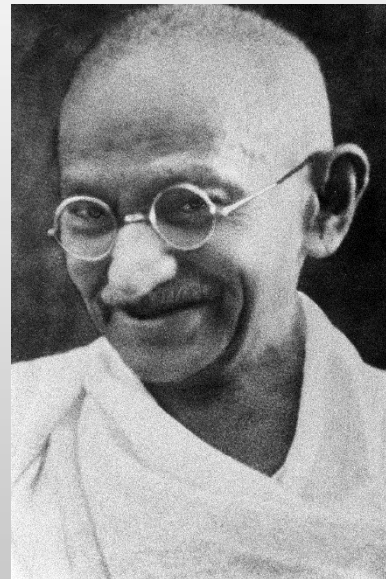
TECNOLOGIA = DEMOCRAZIA?



=



=



O no?

LE PERSONE



Chart 1: An overview of the working generations

Characteristics	Maturists (pre-1945)	Baby Boomers (1945-1960)	Generation X (1961-1980)	Generation Y (1981-1995)	Generation Z (born after 1995)
Formative experiences	Second World War Rationing Fixed gender roles Rock 'n' Roll Nuclear families Defined gender roles — particularly for women	Cold War Post-War boom "Swinging Sixties" Apollo Moon landings Youth culture Woodstock Family-orientated Rise of the teenager	End of Cold War Fall of Berlin Wall Reagan / Gorbachev Thatcherism Live Aid Introduction of first PC Early mobile technology Latch-key kids; rising levels of divorce	9/11 terrorist attacks PlayStation Social media Invasion of Iraq Reality TV Google Earth Clashmury	Economic downturn Global warming Global focus Mobile devices Energy crisis Arab Spring Produce own media Cloud computing Wiki-leaks
Percentage in U.K. workforce*	3%	33%	35%	29%	Currently employed in either part-time jobs or new apprenticeships
Aspiration	Home ownership	Job security	Work-life balance	Freedom and flexibility	Security and stability
Attitude toward technology	Largely disengaged	Early information technology (IT) adapters	Digital immigrants	Digital Natives	"Technoholics" — entirely dependent on IT; limited grasp of alternatives
Attitude toward career	Jobs are for life	Organisational — careers are defined by employers	Early "portfolio" careers — loyal to profession, not necessarily to employer	Digital entrepreneurs — work "with" organisations, not "for"	Career multitaskers — will move seamlessly between organisations and "pop-up" businesses
Signature product	 Automobile	 Television	 Personal Computer	 Tablet/Smart Phone	Google glass, graphene, nano-computing, 3-D printing, driverless cars
Communication media	 Formal letter	 Telephone	 E-mail and text message	 Text or social media	 Hand-held (or integrated into clothing) communication devices
Communication preference	 Face-to-face	 Face-to-face ideally, but	 Text message or e-mail	 Online and mobile	 E-texting

LA MINACCIA



Moneta non
bancaria e non
tradizionale



Servizi di
pagamento



Prestito diretto



Mobilizzazione
del risparmio
ed offerta di
credito



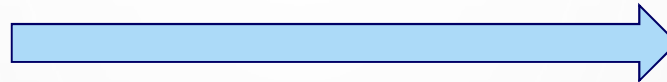
Consulenza
finanziaria ed
accesso ai
mercati



Servizi di
investimento

**B
A
N
C
A**

IL MODELLO DEL P2P LENDING



Il gestore della «piattaforma»:

- Reperisce sul mercato opportunità di impiego e risorse
- Effettua la valutazione del merito di credito
- Offre una combinazione rischio(rating)/rendimento
- Fraziona e diversifica gli investimenti
- Garantisce il servicing
- Si occupa della collection (ma non assume il rischio di credito)

IL MODELLO DEL P2P LENDING



La variabile chiave?

→ La gestione del rischio?

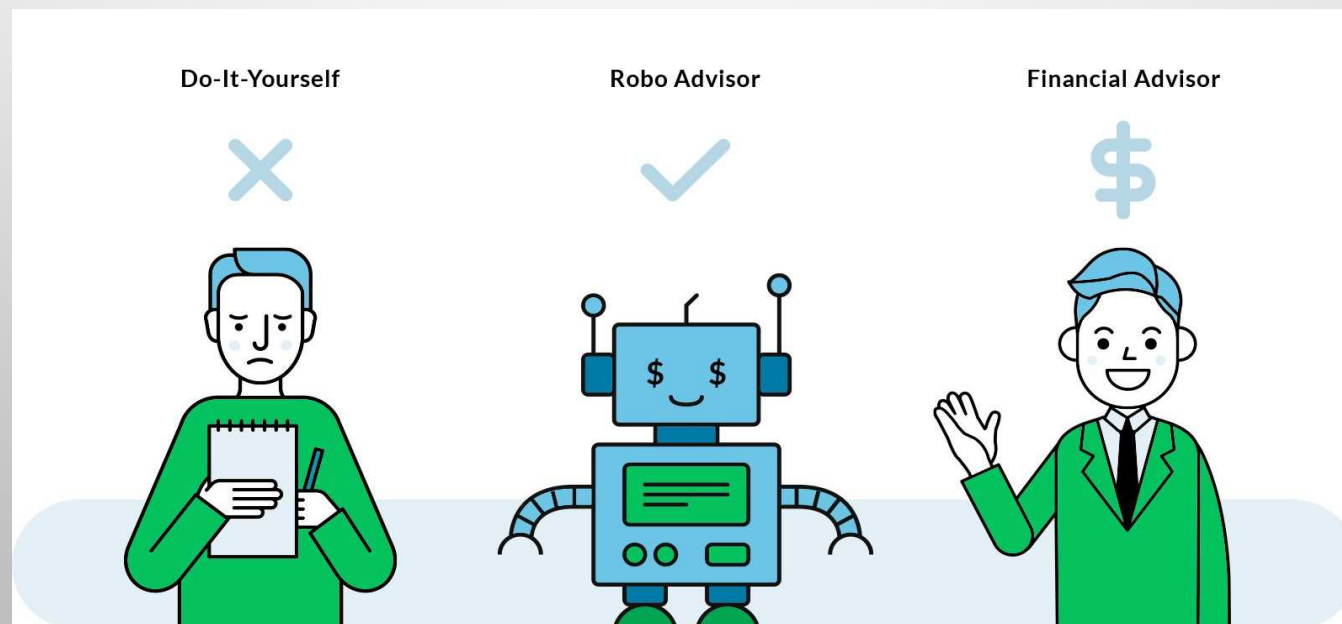
NOOOOOOO!!!

→ Il governo dei costi industriali!

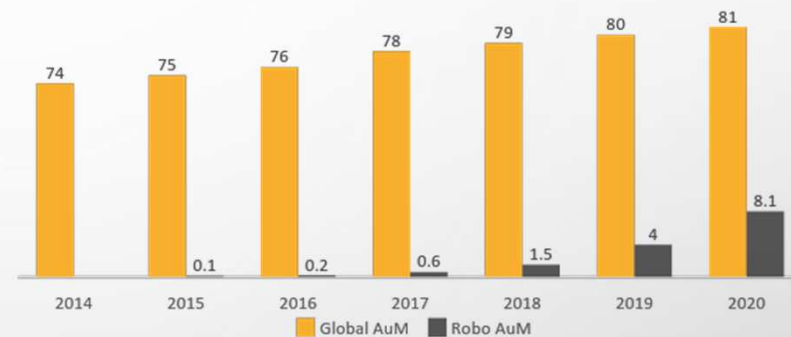
«ROBO ADVISORY»

Ma se i gestori ed i consulenti si basano su strumenti di analisi e di forecasting totalmente automatizzati e se è difficile «battere» gli indici (soprattutto se i rendimenti sono bassi ed i mercati sono poco volatili) qual è il valore aggiunto dell'esperto/a?

Perché non lasciare fare tutto alle macchine?



«ROBO ADVISORY»



Robo CAGR 141% vs Global CAGR 1.5%

Sicuramente più efficiente.
Ma anche capace di gestire le
acque agitate?
E le emozioni delle persone?







Grazie per l'attenzione

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